

# Constraining the intergalactic UV background with metal line systems

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# QSO absorption lines

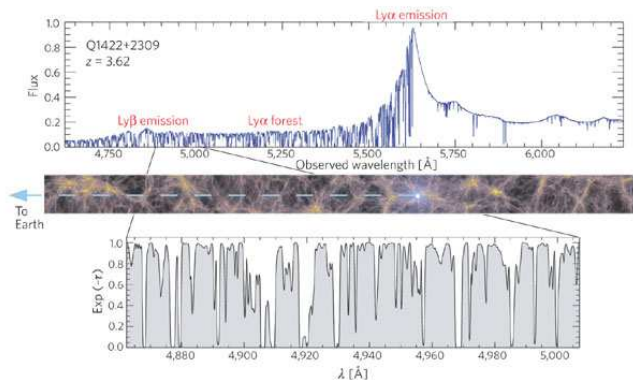


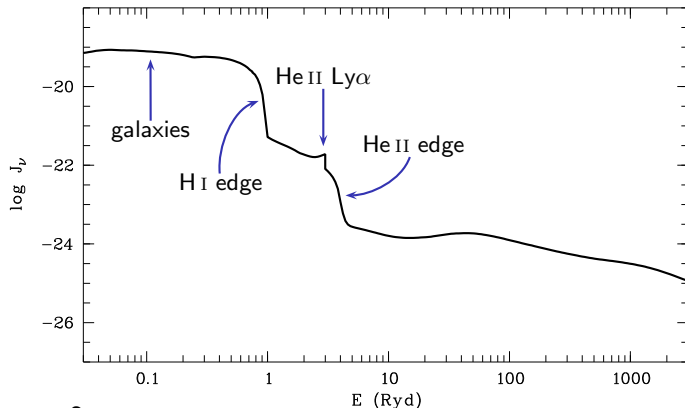
Figure from Springel et al. (2006)

IGM is highly photoionized:  $n_{\text{H I}}/n_{\text{H}} \sim 10^{-4}$

⇒ **ionization corrections required** (e.g. for metallicity estimates)

## Spectral energy distribution

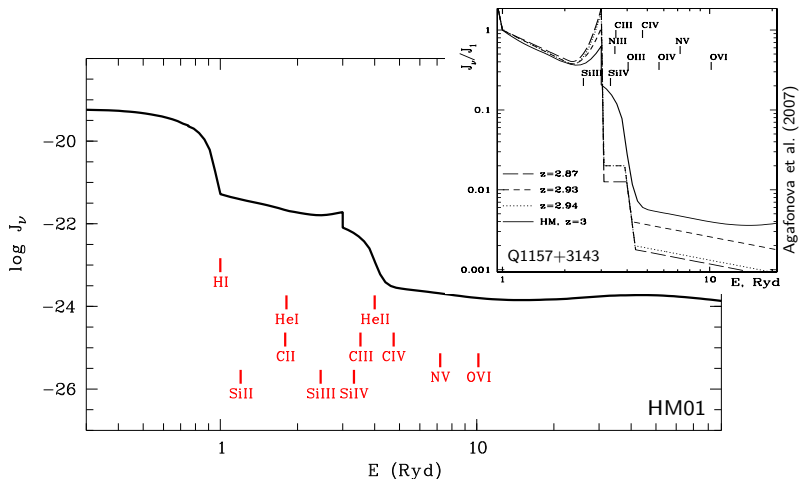
radiation of quasars and galaxies filtered while propagating through the IGM



$z \approx 2$

Haardt & Madau (2001)

# Metal line systems and the shape of the UV background



Deviations from HM01 are detected in several metal line systems!

# Photoionization modeling of metal line systems

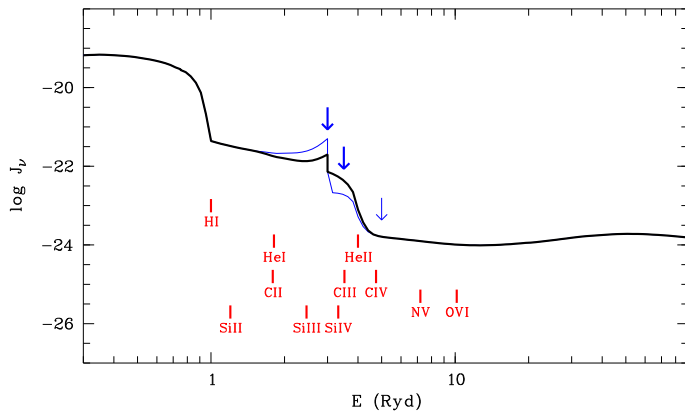
... with CLOUDY (Ferland et al. 1998)

- ▶ adopt **spectral energy distribution** of the UV background
- ▶ find **ionization parameter** (i.e. density) to match an observed column density ratio
- ▶ scale **metallicity** (and relative abundances) to match the observed column densities

If two or more ratios are available, it is possible to ...

- ▶ ... estimate which spectral energy distribution is consistent with the data.
- ▶ ... investigate the uncertainty of the model parameters with respect to the shape of the ionizing radiation.

# Variation of the UV background spectrum

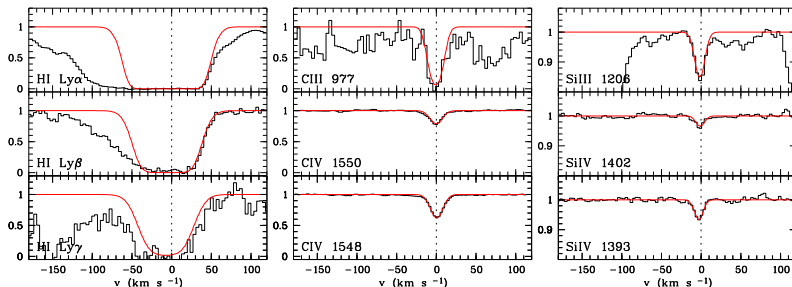


change height of 3 Ryd peak and flux between 3 and 4 Ryd

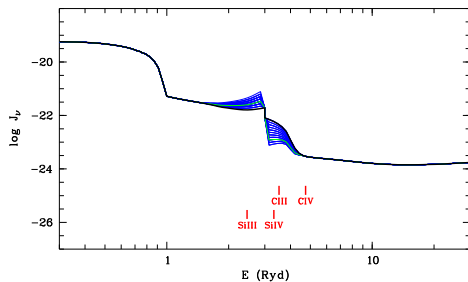
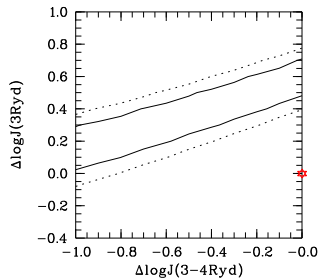
# Test study with optical data – HS1700+6416

System at  $z = 2.3799$  towards HS1700+6416

(Keck data)



# The UV background at $z = 2.38$ towards HS1700+6416



$$\log U = -1.59 \pm 0.15$$

$$[\text{Si}/\text{H}] = -2.22 \pm 0.07$$

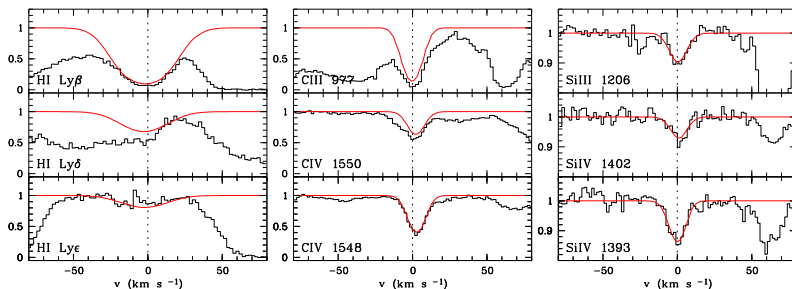
$$[\text{Si}/\text{C}] = -0.25 \pm 0.24$$



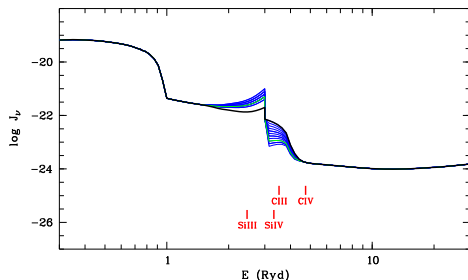
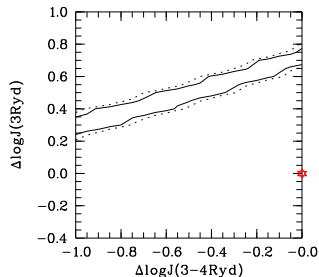
# Test study with optical data – HE0940-1050

System at  $z = 2.8266$  towards HE0940-1050

(UVES data)



# The UV background at $z = 2.83$ towards HE0940-1050



$$\log U = -1.10 \pm 0.10$$

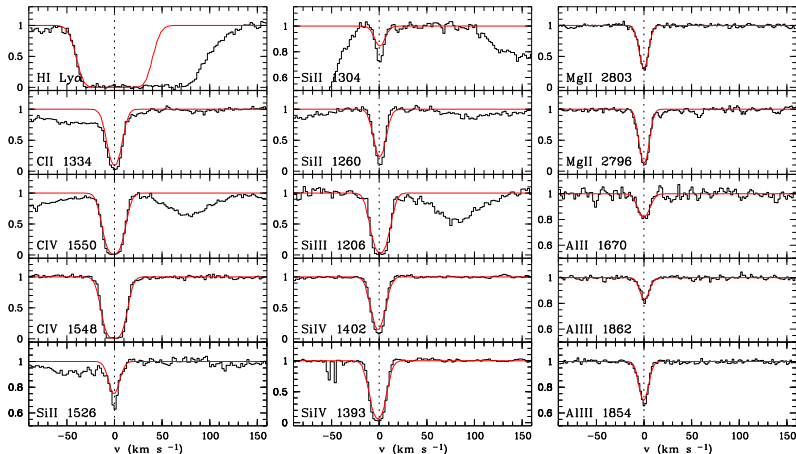
$$[\text{Si}/\text{H}] = -1.06 \pm 0.15$$

$$[\text{Si}/\text{C}] = +0.41 \pm 0.16$$

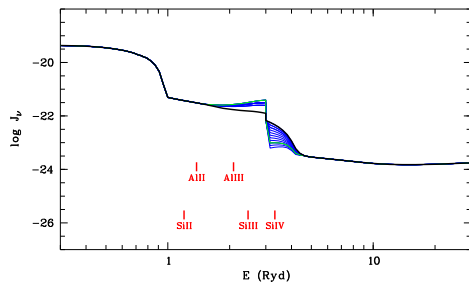
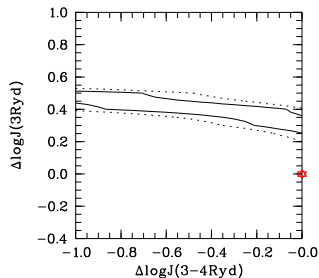
# Test study with optical data – HE1347-2457

System at  $z = 1.7529$  towards HE1347-2457

(UVES data)



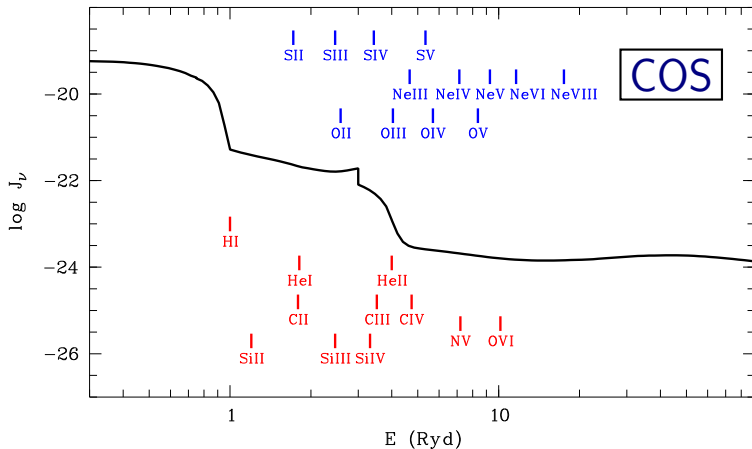
# The UV background at $z = 1.75$ towards HE1347-2457



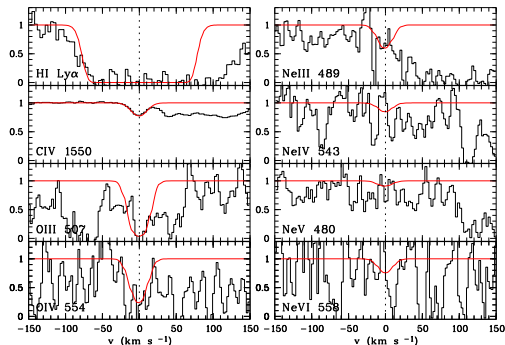
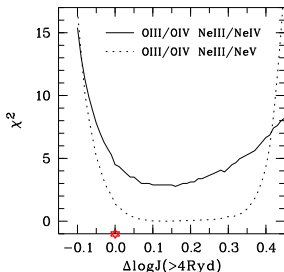
$$\log U = -2.06 \pm 0.03$$

$$[\text{Si}/\text{H}] = -0.12 \pm 0.03$$

# Observable species



# UV example: System at $z = 1.72$ towards HS1700+6416



(UV data from STIS E140M)

$$\Delta \log J(> 4 \text{ Ryd}) = 0.14 \pm_{0.12}^{0.21}$$

$\Rightarrow$  UV background harder than HM01

$\Rightarrow$   $\left( \frac{S}{N} \right) !$

# Summary and Outlook

- ▶ Investigation of 3 metal line systems in the optical:
  - ▶ indication for more pronounced peak of He II Ly $\alpha$  emission at 3 Ryd
  - ▶ spectra appear to be softer than HM01 at redshift  $z > 2$   
(consistent with Agafonova et al. 2006 and Fechner et al. 2006)
- ▶ Preliminary study of one metal line system in the UV:
  - ▶ additional energy range is probed
  - ▶ indication for UV background harder than HM01 at  $z < 2$   
(consistent with Agafonova et al. 2006)
- ▶ **COS** is needed:
  - ▶ spectra with sufficient  $S/N$
  - ▶ increase number statistics of suitable (low-redshift) systems