# AGN Observations with Suzaku

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Swift J0601

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### Introduction: Suzaku Observations of AGNs

#### Broad band coverage

+ High sensitivity at hard X-rays



Decomposing multiple components



# Contents

- Unobscured AGN

   Fe-K Line Profile and Variability
- 2. Obscured AGNs
  - Optically and X-ray selected samples
    - Structure
    - Evolution

# 1. Unobscured AGN

Fe-K Line Profile and Variability



### MCG-6-30-15: WA + broad line modeling

WAs + continuum modeling affects Fe line parameters



Support for Broad Line

(1) Broad line in ``clean'' spectrum

(2) Short term variability of Fe line

### Ark 120: Bright Seyfert 1 No Warm Absorber

No strong WA features above 0.7 keV

-> clean continuum

Suzaku 100 ks



### Ark 120 Fe line profile





3 Gaussians

-> systematic residuals at < 6keV

Diskline + 3 Gaussians PL + smeared reflection

Rin = 19rg, rout = 310rg, i=20°, EW=100 eV



### Fe Line: Short term variability



### Fe Line: Short term variability



# 2. Obscured AGN

Broadband Spectra Structure Evolution

### The Sample

#### (1) [OIII] $\lambda$ 5007 selected sample

- Indicator of ``intrinsic'' luminosity
  - (Caveats discussed later)
- Risaliti+99 (Seyfert 1.8-2, BT<13.4; Revised Shapley Ames catalog)
- 12 objects (Large N<sub>H</sub>, ambiguous previous measurement)
   Complete to [OIII] ranking #36, if combined with past obs.

#### (2) Hard X-ray selected AGNs

- Swift BAT AGNs (Markwardt+05, Tueller+08)
  - $\rightarrow$  Talk by R. Mushotzky, L. Winter
- XMM serendipitous source catalogue + XMM archives

### $[OIII]\lambda 5007$ Selected Obscured AGNs



## $N_H$ Distribution



### Structure of Obscuring Matter: Monte-Carlo Simulation







### Soft Component

 Soft comp: photoionized gas or thermal gas in hosts (starforming activity)

Chandra/XMM grating observations

photoionized (or photon statistics limited) (e.g., Guainazzi+07)

Scattered comp.... indicator of ``torus" geometry



### Soft Component: opt. vs Swift sample







# New Sample of Obscured AGNs: XMM sample Noguchi, YT+, A

Noguchi, YT+, ApJ, submitted Poster Noguchi



## Examples







## Distribution of $f_{\text{scat}}$



# $L_{\rm [OIII]}/L_{2-10} \, \mathrm{vs} \, f_{\mathrm{scat}}$



Ueda+07 prediction

Poster Noguchi+ (XMM sample)

### BH mass and Eddington Ratio





 M<sub>BH</sub> vs f<sub>scat</sub>: very weak?/no correlation
 ``Torus'' scale height not strongly affected by M<sub>BH</sub>



Eddington ratio vs  $f_{scat}$ : weak anti-correlation Obscuring matter - reservoir of mass fuel?

Growing phase of BH might be obscured by geometrically thick torus.

## Astro-H Observation of VERY Compton-thick AGN

NEW type AGN: Swift J0601: NH~ $1x10^{24}$  cm<sup>-2</sup>; F2-10(intrinsic) =  $1x10^{-11}$  cgs Assumption: log NH = 25 if viewed from edge-on photon index1.9; No reflection component.



Buried very Compton thick AGN detectable at >10 keV.

## Summary

- Broad band spectra with Suzaku: ---Powerful to decompose spectral components (Broad line, reflection, NH, and intrinsic Lx)
- Broad red wing and short term variability of Fe-K support the presence of line from inner acc. Disk
- Scale height of obscuring matter might be related to Eddington ratio or fueling: --- Obscured population is important to pursue growing phase of BH
- Astro-H capable to detect very C-thick population in the local Universe, which cannot be detected with current selection techniques